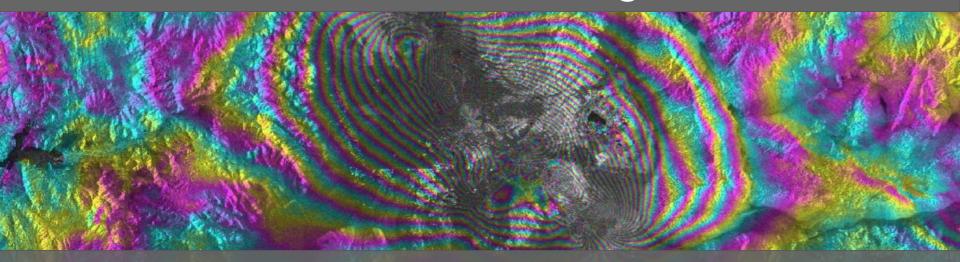
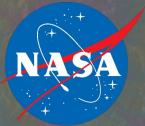
Accelerate your Science with On Demand InSAR Processing from ASF



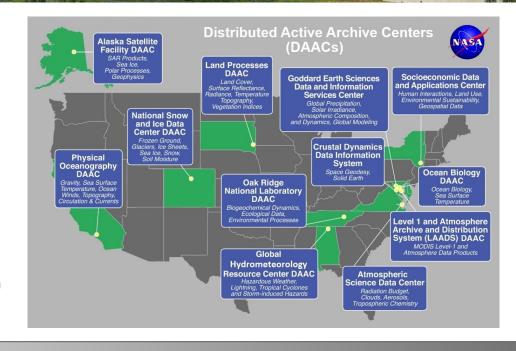


NASA EOSDIS Webinar – July 28, 2021 Joseph H Kennedy, Senior RSE Alaska Satellite Facility



The Alaska Satellite Facility Making remote-sensing data accessible

- EOSDIS Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC)
- Acquire, process, archive, and distribute
 Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) data
 from polar orbiting satellites and airborne sensors
 - Data from NASA, ESA, JAXA, CSA
 - Easy to access and free to use
- Additional capabilities
 - Satellite tracking and ground station
 - SAR and Remote Sensing training/education
 - Science support



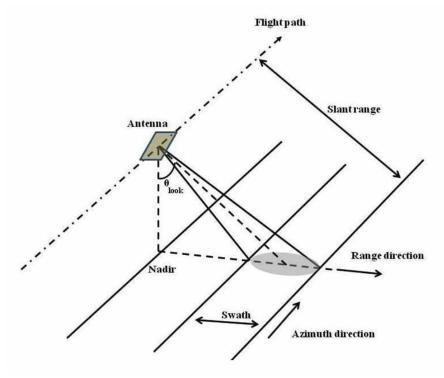


Why Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)?

Active microwave imaging

- Night or day
- Amplitude and phase
- Can penetrate clouds/dust

Suitable for interferometry





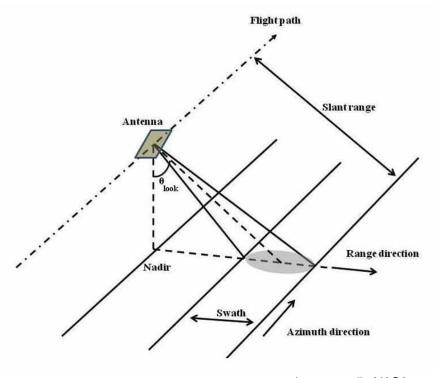
What is InSAR?

Interferometric SAR

- Two SAR acquisitions over the same area
- Measure phase (2-way travel time)
- Interferogram is difference in phase
- Sentinel-1 is repeat-pass interferometry
 - Different position of satellite
 - Perpendicular Baseline
 - Different time of acquisition
 - Temporal Baseline
 - Best for deformational mapping

Vertex Tools

- Baseline -- helps you pick pairs for InSAR
- **SBAS** "Short Baseline Subset" -- helps you pick InSAR pair **stacks** for time-series analysis



Why Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)?

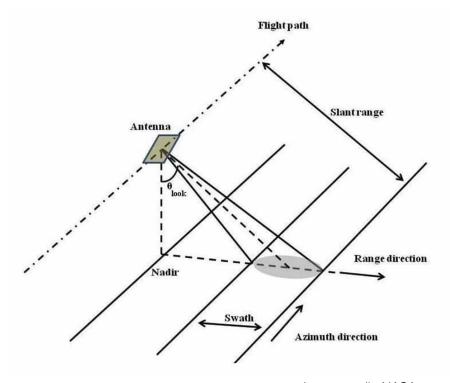
Active microwave imaging

- Night or day
- Amplitude and phase
- Can penetrate clouds/dust

Suitable for interferometry

Robust platform for event/change monitoring

- Volcanoes
- Earthquakes
- Glacier movement





Sentinel-1

European Space Agency mission

https://sentinel.esa.int/web/sentinel/missions/sentinel-1/overview

- Two polar orbiting satellites (A and B)
 - o 12 day repeat cycle
 - o 180° orbital offset (same orbital plane)
 - Potential for 6-day repeat acquisitions
 - Global coverage
 - C-band imaging
- New data available no more than 3 days after acquisition
 - Typically < 24 hours!
- Free and easy to download from ASF in multiple formats
- On Demand processing to Analysis Ready Data available from ASF



Sentinel-1 Level 1 Data

SLC - Single Look Complex

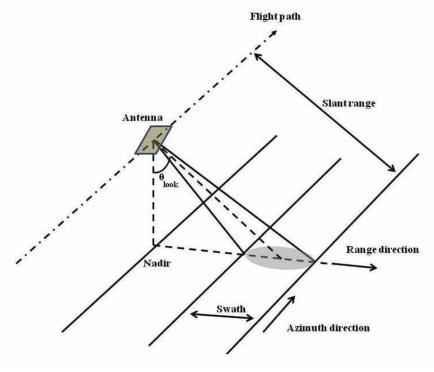
- Single-looked and in slant-range geometry
 - Not GIS friendly
 - Image for each subswath (including overlap)
- Includes phase data
 - Required for generating interferograms
- Several images for each SLC
 - Retains each subswath (including overlap) and series of bursts, with a black line grid

GRD - Ground Range Detected

- Multi-looked and projected to ground-range
 - Easy to view/use in GIS applications
 - square pixels
 - small file sizes
- Phase data is lost
 - Cannot generate interferograms

Why On Demand SAR products?

- Complex data and processing
- Specialized software
- Resource-intensive
 - compute and memory
- Sheer volume of data available
 - Sentinel-1 has produced ~ 10 PB of data
 - Small area of interest may still result in thousands of scenes





Why On Demand SAR products?

- Complex data and processing
- Specialized software
- Resource-intensive
 - compute and memory
- Sheer volume of data available
 - Sentinel-1 has produced ~ 10 PB of data
 - Small area of interest may still result in thousands of scenes

HyP3

- Focus on science and applications!
- Process everything in parallel, in the cloud!



Image credit: Maia Weinstock



SAR Resources

NASA EOSDIS Webinars

- Introduction to SAR Data https://earthdata.adobeconnect.com/p21n0thk15bz/
- Applications of SAR Data in GIS Environments https://earthdata.adobeconnect.com/potfhk9heovk/
- Sentinel-1 On-Demand RTC Processing https://earthdata.adobeconnect.com/piddg6rvg2g2/

EdX Alaska - Free! (Verified Certificate for \$199 USD)

Synthetic Aperture Radar: Hazards https://www.edx.org/course/sar-hazards Next session starts September 7, 2021

The SAR Handbook

Comprehensive Methodologies for Forest Monitoring and **Biomass Estimation**

DOI: <u>10.25966/nr2c-s697</u>

Published April, 2019

Open Access!

Polarimetric Synthetic Aperture Radar Principles and Application Domains: Forest, agriculture, cryosphere, urban and oceans

DOI: 10.1007/978-3-030-56504-6

Published March 21, 2021

Open Access!



Example Use Case

2018 Kīlauea volcano eruption and collapse

- April 30, 2018 the summit of Pu'u'ō'ō collapsed
- Eruption continued through September
- Halema'uma'u crater
 - \circ 280 feet (85m) \to 1,600 feet (488m) deep
 - Diameter more than doubled
- 716 dwellings destroyed by lava
- ~30 miles of roads covered by lava
- ~1 billion cubic yards of lava erupted
- ~60,000 earthquakes April 30–August 4, 2016

More info:

https://www.nps.gov/havo/learn/nature/2018-eruption.htm



Ash cloud emanating from Pu'u 'Ō'ō as its floor collapses, May 4th, 2018 (Photo: USGS)

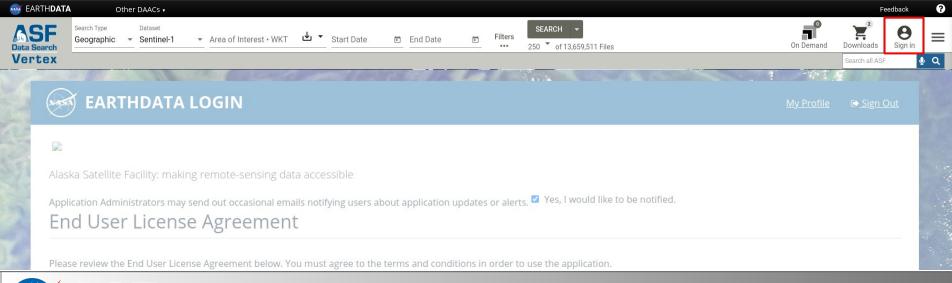


Accessing Sentinel-1 Data

Earthdata Login credentials
 https://urs.earthdata.nasa.gov/users/new

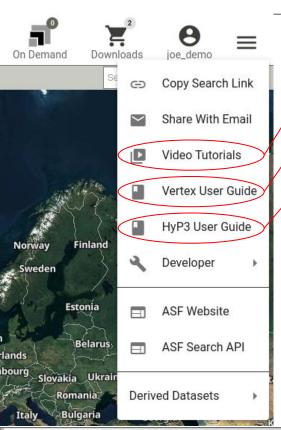
 Accept the ASF EULA on Vertex https://search.asf.alaska.edu/

Text available at: https://asf.alaska.edu/uncategorized/eula/





On Demand Resources



Vertex On Demand Tutorial https://search.asf.alaska.edu/#/?topic=onDemand

Vertex User Guide https://docs.asf.alaska.edu/

HyP3 User Guide

https://hyp3-docs.asf.alaska.edu/

- Using -- Vertex, SDK, API
 - InSAR On Demand Story Map https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/68a8a3253900411185ae9eb6bb5283d3
 - RTC On Demand Story Map <u>https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/2ead3222d2294d1fae1d11d3f98d7c35</u>
- Product descriptions
- SAR Basics
- Other Tools
- What's New
- Contact Information



Vertex Baseline Demo

See our InSAR OnDemand Storymap: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/68a8a3253900411185ae9eb6bb5283d3



Vertex SBAS Demo

See our InSAR OnDemand Storymap: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/68a8a3253900411185ae9eb6bb5283d3



Handling Large Workflows Programmatically

asf search Python package

https://github.com/asfadmin/Discovery-asf search

- Basic search + download
- "Feels like" Vertex

HvP3 Pvthon SDK

https://github.com/ASFHyP3/hyp3-sdk

- On Demand everything, and more!
- Easily build into workflows

On conda-forge and PyPI!

```
conda install -c conda-forge asf_search hyp3_sdk
python -m pip install asf_search hyp3_sdk
```

```
import os
import asf_search as asf
search_results = asf.geo_search(
    platform=asf.SENTINEL1,
    processingLevel=asf.SLC,
    beamMode=asf.IW.
    intersectsWith='POINT(-155.287 19.421)',
    start='2021-04-18',
    end='2021-05-12',
search_results.download('data/', token=os.environ['EDL_TOKEN'])
import hyp3_sdk as sdk
from hyp3_sdk.asf_search import get_nearest_neighbors
hyp3 = sdk.HyP3(prompt=True)
jobs = sdk.Batch()
for scene in search results:
    neighbors = get nearest neighbors(scene.properties['sceneName'], max_neighbors=2)
    for neighbor in neighbors:
       jobs += hyp3.submit insar job(
            scene.properties['sceneName'], neighbor['granuleName'], name='hawaii-pairs'
jobs = hyp3.watch(jobs)
jobs.download files('data/')
```



Contacts and Resources



Follow NASA Earthdata for Earth science data, services and tools, news, and updates



https://twitter.com/NASAEarthdata

https://www.facebook.com/NASAEarthdata

Find data discovery and data access webinars, recipes and tutorials



www.youtube.com/c/NASAEarthdata

Have Data Questions? Try our Earthdata Forum https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov

Need Help? support@earthdata.nasa.gov



https://www.asf.alaska.edu/

ASF User Support +1 907 474-5041 uso@asf.alaska.edu



https://search.asf.alaska.edu/

User Guide https://docs.asf.alaska.edu/



https://hyp3-docs.asf.alaska.edu/

Follow us on Twitter: https://twitter.com/ASFHyP3

Chat with us: https://gitter.im/ASFHyP3/community

Find us on GitHub: https://github.com/ASFHyP3

Email me: jhkennedy@alaska.edu

